

ABSTRACT

Ayuni, Yusna, Mutia Qurrotul. 2025. Relationship between Pregnancy Risk Group Classification and Pregnant Women's Preparation for Childbirth. Thesis. Bachelor Of Applied Midwifery Study Program Malang, Department Of Midwifery, Health Polytechnic Of The Ministry Of Health Malang. Main supervisor: Dr. Dyah Widodo, S.Kp., M.Kes

Pregnancy is physiological process that causes physical changes, which can lead to discomfort and pose risks if pregnancy is not monitored, thus requiring maximum preparation for childbirth. Second highest maternal mortality rate in Malang Regency. The purpose is analyze relationship between pregnancy risk group classification and pregnant women's preparation for childbirth. The method used analytical correlation with a cross-sectional approach, involving a population of 35 individuals. Sampling using purposive sampling techniques, with 32 participants meeting the inclusion criteria. The research instruments included the Early Detection of High-Risk Pregnant Women by Poedji Rochjati (KSPR) to determine pregnancy risk group classification and childbirth preparation questionnaire. Data analysis was conducted using the Spearman Rank Test with a significance level of $\alpha = 0.05$. The results showed that 56.3% of pregnancies were classified as low-risk (KRR) and 71.9% of mothers were highly prepared for childbirth. The statistical test yielded a p value of $0.028 < \alpha (0.05)$. The correlation coefficient value was 0.388, indicating a weak correlation strength and a positive (+) direction of the relationship. This suggests that there is relationship between pregnancy risk group classification and pregnant women's preparation for childbirth. Therefore, it important to continue conducting pregnancy screening and childbirth preparation.

Keywords: Pregnancy Risk Group, Preparation For Childbirth