

ABSTRACT

Karya Tulis Ilmiah Studi Kasus. Asuhan Kebidanan Pada Ibu Bersalin Ny. T Usia 27 Tahun G1 P0000 Ab000 Uk 38-39 Minggu dengan Ketuban Pecah Dini diRSU Permata Bunda Malang.

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Premature rupture of membranes (PROM) has a serious impact on the mother and her fetus. Rupture of membranes before labor or opening in primiparas is less than 3 cm and in multiparas less than 5 cm. The factors causing premature rupture of membranes are not yet known for certain, but the predisposing factors are abnormalities of the amniotic membranes, parity, age, twins, hydramnios, abnormal position, trauma, etc. The purpose of this study was to carry out midwifery care management for labor with premature rupture of membranes at Permata Bunda Malang Hospital in accordance with Varney's 7 steps and SOAP development data. The method in this study was a case study. The subject of this study was Mrs. T, a mother in labor who experienced PROM. Care was carried out on May 14, 2025 at Permata Bunda Malang Hospital. Data collection techniques in the form of primary data were obtained from interviews, physical examinations and observations while secondary data were obtained from literature studies. The results showed that the subject (Mrs. T) experienced labor with premature rupture of membranes with complications of prolonged labor. There was no gap in the provision of midwifery care to mothers in labor from the first stage to the second stage. Recommendations for further research are to provide midwifery care to mothers in labor with premature rupture of membranes appropriately, quickly and comprehensively in order to reduce complications that occur in mothers in labor with premature rupture of membranes.

Kata Kunci: Ibu bersalin. Ketuban Pecah Dini (KPD)