

**NURSING CARE FOR CLIENTS WITH ISCHEMIC STROKE IN THE  
FLAMBOYAN WARD dr. SOEDOMO REGIONAL GENERAL HOSPITAL  
TRENGGALEK**

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**ABSTRACT**

**Background:** ischemic stroke is a neurological condition caused by impaired blood flow to the brain, commonly resulting from arterial blockage, which leads to brain cell death and causes physical as well as psychological impacts. Globally, ischemic stroke accounts for more than 62% of all stroke cases and is one of the leading causes of death and disability. In Indonesia, the prevalence of stroke continues to increase. This study aimed to provide nursing care and analyze the gap between theory and practice in clients with ischemic stroke in the Flamboyant Ward of RSUD dr. Soedomo Trenggalek. **Methods:** The method used was a qualitative descriptive approach with a case study design. Data were collected through interviews, observations, physical examinations, and documentation, then analyzed by comparing theoretical concepts with actual clinical conditions. **Results:** The results showed similarities and differences between theory and clinical findings with a tendency toward a correspondence between theory and facts. The results indicate a gap in the physical examination of the head and mouth. The nursing diagnoses established were risk for aspiration related to decreased level of consciousness and decreased intracranial adaptive capacity related to cerebral edema. Nursing interventions were planned based on the patient's condition and hospital standards. Evaluation using the SOAP method for three days showed improvements in the patient's condition. **Conclusion:** The conclusion of this study indicates that nursing care for clients with ischemic stroke should be tailored to the patient's actual condition in order to ensure more effective and optimal care implementation.

**Keywords:** Nursing Care, Ischemic Stroke.