

**IMPLEMENTATION OF 30 DEGREE HEAD OF BED (HOB)
ELEVATION AND ORAL HYGIENE AS A VENTILATOR ASSOCIATED
PNEUMONIA (VAP) PREVENTION BUNDLE FOR PATIENTS
DIAGNOSED WITH CVA ICH ON MECHANICAL VENTILATION IN
THE INTENSIVE CARE UNIT AT RSUD Dr. SAIFUL ANWAR,
MALANG**

Nazilatul Khoiroh, Sulastyawati, S.Kep., Ns., M.Kep
Nursing Professional Education Study Program, Department of Nursing,
Politeknik Kesehatan Kemenkes Malang
Email: nazilatulkhoiroh2523@gmail.com

ABSTRACT

Background: *Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia (VAP)* is one of the most common nosocomial infections among patients receiving mechanical ventilation in intensive care units, contributing to prolonged hospitalization, increased healthcare costs, morbidity, and mortality. Patients with *Cerebrovascular Accident Intracerebral Hemorrhage (CVA ICH)* are at high risk of developing VAP due to impaired airway protective reflexes, secretion aspiration, and microbial colonization. **Objective:** To describe the implementation of nursing care aimed at preventing VAP through the application of a 30° *Head of Bed (HOB)* elevation and *oral hygiene*. **Methods:** This study employed a case study design using the nursing process, including assessment, nursing diagnosis, planning, implementation, and evaluation. **Intervention:** Nursing interventions focused on the nursing diagnosis of infection risk through consistent implementation of a 30° *HOB* elevation and *oral hygiene* based on *evidence-based practice*. **Implementation:** Interventions were carried out consistently for three days by maintaining a 30° *HOB* position, performing *oral hygiene* according to standard procedures, and monitoring the patient's clinical responses. **Results:** The interventions were implemented as planned, oral hygiene was maintained, the risk of secretion aspiration was reduced, and no clinical signs indicating VAP were observed during the observation period. **Conclusion:** The implementation of a 30° *HOB* elevation and *oral hygiene* as part of the *VAP prevention bundle* may support efforts to reduce the risk of *Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia* in mechanically ventilated patients with *CVA ICH*.

Keywords: *Ventilator-Associated Pneumonia (VAP)*, mechanical ventilation, *CVA ICH*, *Head of Bed (HOB)*, *oral hygiene*.