

ABSTRACT

Clariza, Vara Hiveria. 2024 Factors Associated with Postpartum Visit in the Working Area of Bareng Health Center Malang City. Thesis. Bachelor of Applied Midwifery Study Program Malang. Main Supervisor: Sugijati, SST., M.Kes. Co-advisor: Hening Ryan Aryani, SST., M.Keb.

Background: Visit coverage in Indonesia has decreased from 90.7% to 80.9%. The negative impact if postpartum women do not visit the postpartum period is the occurrence of problems such as infection, sepsis and leads to maternal death. Data from the Malang City Health Profile (2023) showed that the lowest coverage of postpartum visits was obtained at the Bareng Health Center, which was 55.6%. **Objective:** The purpose of this study was to determine the factors associated with postpartum visits in the Bareng Health Center Working Area of Malang City. **Methods:** The research method was quantitative analytic with a retrospective approach. The population is mothers who gave birth in March-April 2024, totaling 54. Sampling using proportional random sampling amounted to 48. The research instrument used a questionnaire. Primary and secondary data collection. Bivariate analysis using Spearman's Rank with a p-value (<0.05) which means there is a relationship between variables with postpartum visits. **Results:** The results of this study obtained a knowledge variable with a p-value < 0.001 , an attitude variable with a p-value < 0.001 , an accessibility variable with a p-value < 0.001 , a family support variable with a p-value < 0.001 , a health worker support variable with a p-value of 0.001. **Conclusion:** There is a relationship between knowledge, attitude, accessibility, family support, and health worker support with postpartum visits in the Bareng Health Center Working Area, Malang City.

Keywords: Access, Attitude, Family Support, Health Professional Support, Knowledge, Postnatal Visit